

PARRYS INVESTMENTS LIMITED

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AS ON
MARCH 31, 2023



G BADRI NARAYANA & CO

Chartered Accountants



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Top
The Members,
M/s PARRYS INVESTMENTS LIMITED

Report on the Audit of the Standalone IND AS Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Standalone IND AS financial statements of M/s. PARRYS INVESTMENTS LIMITED ("the company"), which comprises, Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2023, the statement of Profit and loss (including the other Comprehensive Income), the statement of changes in equity & the statement of Cash Flows for the year ended on that date, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the Standalone IND AS Financial Statements).

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Standalone IND AS financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended ("IND AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2023 and the total comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the standalone IND AS financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone IND AS Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the independence requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Standalone IND AS financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibility of Management and those charged with the governance for the Standalone IND AS Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these Standalone IND AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the accounting New No. 13, Old No. 6/2, Sait Colony 2nd Street, Egmore, Chennai - 600 008.

+91 9941 91 9941 / +91 9884 06 9157 / +91 44 4210 7583 teamgbnco@gmail.com / www.gbnco.com Standards specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate implementation and maintenance of accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Standalone IND AS financial statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Standalone IND AS financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so. The Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the company's financial reporting process

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Standalone IND AS Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Standalone IND AS financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Standalone IND AS financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
 evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting
 a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may
 involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal
 control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances [Under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible
 for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls with
 reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.]
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and,
 based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or
 conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If
 we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's
 report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to



modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report.

Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the
disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in
a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1) As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government in exercise of powers conferred by section 143(11) of the Act, we enclose in "Annexure A", a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the said Order, to the extent applicable.
- 2) As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, based on our audit, we report that:
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations, which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit.
 - b) In our opinion proper Books of Accounts, as required by law has kept by the Company, so far as appears from our examination of those Books.
 - c) The Balance Sheet, the statement of Profit & Loss Account including other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of Cash Flow dealt with by this report are in agreement with the Books of Account.
 - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Standalone IND AS financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards prescribed under Section 133 of the Act, read with rules issued there under.
 - e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2023 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors are disqualified as on March 31, 2023 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
 - f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls refer to our separate report in **Annexure B**.



- g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us.
 - The company does not have any pending litigations in its financial position in its Standalone IND AS Financial statements
 - ii. No provision is required under the applicable law or accounting, for material foreseeable losses, if any on the long term contracts. The Company did not have any derivative contracts
 - iii. The Company did not have any amount which was required to be transferred to the Investor Education & Protection Fund.
 - iv. The Management has represented that
 - a. to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries
 - b. The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been received by the Company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries and
 - c. Based on such audit procedures that we considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (a) and (b) contain any material misstatement.
 - v. The Company has not declared any dividend during the year.
- h) The Company has paid / provided for Managerial Remuneration in accordance with the requisite approvals mandated by the provisions of Section 197 read with Schedule VI to the Act

For G BADRI NARAYANA & CO Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No 010473S

GATTUPALLI SHRAVAN

Partner M No: 226441

UDIN: 23226441BGUXGP9298

Place: Chennai Date: May 15, 2023



"Annexure A" To the Independent Auditors' Report on the Standalone IND AS Financial Statements of M/s PARRYS INVESTMENTS LIMITED

- According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, the Company does not have any Property, Plant and Equipment or any Intangible assets and accordingly, reporting under this Clause is not applicable.
- 2) The Company has not carried any trading / manufacturing activity and had not held any inventory during the year and hence reporting on physical verification of inventory & maintenance of inventory records does not arise.
- 3) According to the explanation & information given to us and on the basis of our examination of the books of accounts, the Company has not granted any loans secured or unsecured to companies, firms, Limited Liability partnerships or other parties covered in the Register maintained under section 189 of the Act. Consequently, reporting under this Clause is not applicable
- 4) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Act, with respect to the loans investments, guarantees and security made.
- 5) In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company has not accepted any deposits as per the directives issued by the reserve bank of India under the provisions of sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the act and the rules framed there under.
- 6) In our opinion, maintenance of cost records has not been prescribed by the Central Government in respect of the Business carried by the Company for the said financial year.
- a) The Company does not have any Statutory dues and hence the question of depositing with the authorities in India within the time limit does not arise. The Company did not have any pending dues in respect of Provident Fund, Employees State Insurance, Investor Education Protection Fund, Wealth Tax, Sales Tax, Service Tax, Customs Duty, Excise duty & cess.
 - b) According to the information and explanation given to us, there are no dues of income tax, sales tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax outstanding on account of any dispute
- 8) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, there are no transactions in the books of account that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961, that has not been recorded in the books of accounts.
- 9) (a) According to the information and explanations given by the management, the Company has not borrowed from any Financial Institutions or banks or debenture holders & hence reporting of default in repayment does not arise
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our audit procedures, we report that the Company has not been declared Wilful Defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.

All the other points mentioned under clause 3(ix) of the Order are not applicable to the Company



- 10) (a) The company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer, further public offer and term loans during the year. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(x)(a) of the order are not applicable to the company.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the company, the company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year. Accordingly, the said point of the order is not applicable to the company.

All the other points mentioned under clause 3(x) of the Order are not applicable to the Company

- 11) According to the information and explanation given to us, no material fraud by the company or on the company by its officers or employees have been noticed or reported during the course of our audit. Hence reporting of all the other points mentioned under clause 3(xi) of the Order are not applicable to the Company
- 12) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company is not a Nidhi company and the Nidhi rules, 2014 are not applicable to it. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xii) of the order is not applicable to the company.
- 13) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the company, transactions with related parties are in compliance with the provisions of sections 177 and 188 of the acts, where applicable. The details of such related party transactions have been disclosed in the IND AS Financials statements required by the applicable accounting standards.
- 14) The company is not mandated to have an internal audit system during the year and hence reporting on the same does not arise.
- 15) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the company, the company has not entered into non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with them. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xv) of the order is not applicable.
- 16) In our opinion and According to the information and explanations given to us, the company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the reserve bank of India act, 1934. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xvi)(a) of the order is not applicable.
 - All the other points mentioned under clause 3(xvi) of the Order are not applicable to the Company
- 17) The company has not incurred any cash losses in the financial year or in the immediately preceding financial year.
- 18) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year and accordingly the reporting is not applicable.
- 19) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the standalone Ind AS financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of



the audit report that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.

- 20) According to the information and explanation given to us, provisions relating to the Corporate Social Responsibility as per Section 135(5) of the Act are not applicable to the Company. Hence reporting under Clause 3(xx) of the Order is not applicable
- 21) The reporting under clause 3(xxi) of the Order is not applicable in respect of audit of Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements. Accordingly, no comment in respect of the said clause has been included in this report.

Før & BADRI NARAYANA & CO

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No 010473S

GATTUPALLISHRAVAN

Partner M No: 226441

UDIN: 23226441BGUXGP9298

Place: Chennai Date: May 15, 2023 #13, (Old #6/2)
Ground Floor
2nd Street, Sait Colony
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"Annexure B" to the Independent Auditor's Report on Standalone IND AS Financial Statements of PARRYS INVESTMENTS LIMITED

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("theAct")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of PARRYS INVESTMENTS LIMITEDas of 31 March 2023 in conjunction with our audit of the Standalone IND AS financial statements of the company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.



Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2023, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For G BADRI NARAYANA & CO

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No 010473S

GATTUPALLI SHRAVAN

Partner M No: 226441

UDIN: 23226441BGUXGP9298

Place: Chennai Date: May 15, 2023

#13, (Old #6/2) **Ground Floor** 2nd Street, Sait Colony Egmore, Chennai-8 Ph: 044 4210 7583 ered Acco





PARRYS INVESTMENTS LIMITED BALANCE SHEET AS AT MARCH 31, 2023

Particulars	Note No.	As at March 31, 2023 Rs Lakh	As at March 31, 2022 Rs Lakh
I. ASSETS			
Non-Current Assets			
(a) Financial Assets	1 1		
(i) Investments	1 . 1	6.00	6.08
a) Investments in subsidiaries	2	6.08	344.53
b) Other Investments	3	430.42	
Total non-current assets		436.50	350.61
Current Assets			
(a) Financial Assets			
(i) Cash and Cash Equivalents	4	277.04	7.39
(ii) Bank balances other than (i) above	5	(4 0)	263.00
(iii) Other Assets	6	0.46	0.37
Total current assets		277.50	270.76
TOTAL ASSETS		714.00	621.37
II. EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
(a) Equity Share Capital	7	180.02	180.02
(b) Other Equity	8	436.86	359.82
Total equity		616.88	539.84
Non-Current Liabilities		96.37	76.65
(a) Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net)	9	96.37	76.65
Total non-current liabilities		90.37	70.03
Current Liabilities			4
(a) Trade Payables	10		.54
ai. Total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises		•	28
aii.Total outstanding dues other than above		0.42	0.27
(b) Current tax Liabilities	11	0.33	4.61
Total current liabilities		0.75	4.88
Total Liabilities		97.12	81.53
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		714.00	621.37

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

In terms of our report attached For G. Badri Narayana & Co. ARA

Chartered Accountants/

Firm Registration, No.: 01074353, (Old # 6/2)

Ground Floor

2nd Street, Sait Colony

Egmore, Chennai-8 Ph: 044 4210 7583

Shravan Gattupalli Partner

Membership No: 226441

Sridhar A **Director**

biswa Mohan Rath Director

Chennai

Date: May 15, 2023

Chennai

Date: May 15, 2023

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors





PARRYS INVESTMENTS LIMITED STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

S.No	Particulars	Note No.	Year ended March 31, 2023 Rs Lakh	Year ended March 31, 2022 Rs Lakh
I	Revenues from Operations		=	(*)
II	Other Income	12	13.96	10.74
Ш	Total Income (I+II)		13.96	10.74
IV	Expenses: Other expenses	13	0.46	0.76
	Total Expenses (IV)		0.46	0.76
v	Profit before tax (III-IV)		13.50	9.98
	Tax Expense: (1) Current Tax (2) Deferred Tax		3.64 (0.09) 3.55	7.16 (4.60) 2.56
VII	Profit for the year (V - VI)		9.95	7.42
	Other Comprehensive Income A. i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss a) Remeasurements of the defined benefit plans b) Equity instruments through other comprehensive income		86.90 86.90	90.16 90.16
	ii) Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassfied to profit or loss	1	(19.81)	(20.61)
VIII	Total other comprehensive income (A(i-ii)+B(i-ii))		67.09	69.55
IX	Total Comprehensive Income (VII+VIII)		77.04	76.97
X	Earnings Per Equity Share (Nominal value per share Rs. 1) (a) Basic (b) Diluted	14	0.55 0.55	0.41 0.41

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements in terms of our report attached

For G. Badri Narayana & Co

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No : 0107438

Shravan Guttupalh

Partner Membership No: 226441

Chennai Date: May 15, 2023 #13, (Old #6/2) Ground Floor

2nd Street, Sait Colony Egmore, Chennai-8 Ph: 044 4210 7583

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For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Director

Sridhar A Director

Chennai Date: May 15, 2023

PARRYS INVESTMENTS LIMITED CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR MARCH 31, 2023

Rs Lakh

		For the Yea	ar Ended	
	31-Ma	ar-23	31-Ma	r-22
A. Cashflow From Operating Activities:				
Net Profit before tax		13.50		9.98
Adjustments for:				
Net gain arising on financial assets designated as at FVTPL	(0.08)	}	(10.00)	
Dividend Income	(0.01)		(0.00)	
Interest from Fixed Deposit	(13.87)		(0.74)	(10.74)
		(13.96)		(10.74)
Operating Profit/(Loss) before working capital changes		(0.46)		(0.76)
Adjustments for Increase/Decrease in				
Trade Payables	0.15		0.09	
		0.15		0.09
Net Cash used in Operating activities		(0.31)		(0.67)
Income tax paid		(7.92)		(3.08)
•		(8.23)	-	(3.75)
B. Cashflow From Investing Activities:				
Redemption/(Purchase) of Mutual funds	1.09		9.13	
Redemption/(Investment) in Fixed deposit	263.00			
Interest from Fixed Deposit	13.78		0.37	
Dividend Income	0.01		3	
Net Cash from/(used in) Investing activities		277.88		9.50
C. Cashflow From Financing Activities:				
Net Cash from/(used in) Financing activities				**
Net increase/(decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents (A+B+C)		269.65		5.75
Cash and Cash Equivalents as at the beginning of the year		7.39		1.64
Cash and Cash Equivalents as at the end of the year		277.04		7.39

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

In terms of our report attached

For G. Badri Narayana & Co

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No: 010743S

Shrayan Gattupalli

Partner Membership No: 226441

Chennai Date: May 15, 2023 #13, (Old #6/2)
Ground Floor
2nd Street, Sait Colony

Egmore, Chennai-8 Ph: 044 4210 7583

Sridhar A

Director

Biswa Mohan Ra Director

Chennai

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Date: May 15, 2023

Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended March 31, 2023	11, 2023						
	Share Capital		Reserves and Surplus	l Surplus		Items of other comprehensive income	
Particulars	Equity Share Capital	General	Retained	Capital redemption reserve	Statutory	Equity Instruments through Other compehensive Income	Total
Balance at April 01, 2021	180.02	1.00	59.71	0.01	33.82	188.31	462.87
Equity shares issued during the year Profit for the year Other comprehensive income for the year, net of income tax Amount transferred within Reserves Recognition of share based payments	SW		7.42 (1.48)		1.48	69.55	7.42 69.55
Payment of dividends Balance at March 31,2022	180.02	1.00	65.65	0.01	35.30	257.86	539.84
Equity snares issued ouring the year Profit for the year Other comprehensive income for the year, net of income tax Amount transferred within Reserves Recognition of share based payments			9.95		1.99	62.09	67.09
Payment of dividends Balance at March 31,2023	180.02	1.00	73.61	0,01	37.29	324.95	616.88
mpanying notes are an integral part of these of our report affactual and Accountants gistration No. 010743S Gattupalli Ship No. 226441	#13, (Old # 6/2) Cound Floor Caround Floor Caround Floor Caround Floor Chennai-8 Ph: 044 4210 7583	*)	For and on behalf of the Board of Directors A Mu Sridhar A Bisw Director	the Board of Direc	ctors My Mohan Rath Director		
Chennai Date: May 15, 2023				Chennal Date: May 15, 2023	.23		





PARRYS INVESTMENTS LIMITED NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Corporate information

Application of new and revised Ind AS

As at the date of preparation of these Financial statements, all the Ind AS issued and ratified by the MCA have been annied.

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1.1 Basis of preparation and presentation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments that are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period, as explained in the accounting policies below.

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in these financial statements is determined on such a basis.

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorized into Level 1, 2, or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access
 at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The principal accounting policies are set out below.

1.2 Revenue Recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Revenue is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.





i. Dividend and interest income

 a). Dividend income from investments is recognised when the shareholder's right to receive payment has been established (provided that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the company and the amount of income can be measured reliably).

b). Interest income from a financial asset is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the company and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

1.3 Earnings per Share

The Company presents basic and diluted earnings per share ("EPS") data for its equity shares. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

1.4 Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

a. Current ta:

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from 'profit before tax' as reported in the statement of profit and loss because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Company's current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

b. Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilized. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit. In addition, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of goodwill.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realized, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.





c. Current and deferred tax for the year

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively. Where current tax or deferred tax arises from the initial accounting for a business combination, the tax effect is included in the accounting for the business combination.

1.5 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Company will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. When a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows (when the effect of the time value of money is material).

When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, a receivable is recognised as an asset if it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received and the amount of the receivable can be measured reliably.

1.6 Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when a company entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

1.7 Financial assets

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognized on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

All recognised financial assets are subsequently measured in their entirety at either amortized cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the financial assets

a. Classification of financial assets

Debt instruments that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortized cost (except for debt instruments that are designated as at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition):

- the asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the instrument give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.
- the debt instruments carried at amortised cost include cash.

For the impairment policy on financial assets measured at amortized cost, refer note 1.7.d

Investment in subsidiaries are accounted under cost basis.

For the impairment policy on investment in subsidiaries, refer note 1.7.d

All other financial assets are subsequently measured at fair value.





b. Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortized cost of a debt instrument and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the debt instrument, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Income is recognised on an effective interest basis for debt instruments other than those financial assets classified as at FVTPL. Interest income is recognised in profit or loss and is included in the "Other income" line item.

c. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

The Company carries Investment in Mutual fund at FVTPL. Financial assets at FVTPL also includes assets held for trading.

A financial asset is held for trading if:

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling it in the near term; or
- on initial recognition it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the Company manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument or a financial guarantee.

Financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, with any gains or losses arising on remeasurement recognised in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss incorporates any dividend or interest earned on the financial asset and is included in the 'Other income' line item. Dividend on financial assets at FVTPL is recognised when the Company's right to receive the dividends is established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the entity, the dividend does not represent a recovery of part of cost of the investment and the amount of dividend can be measured reliably.

d. Impairment of financial assets

The Company applies the expected credit loss model for recognising impairment loss on financial assets measured at amortised cost, lease receivables, trade receivables, other contractual rights to receive cash or other financial asset, and financial guarantees not designated as at FVTPL.

Expected credit losses are the weighted average of credit losses with the respective risks of default occurring as the weights. Credit loss is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Company in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Company expects to receive (i.e. all cash shortfalls), discounted at the original effective interest rate (or credit-adjusted effective interest rate for purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets). The Company estimates cash flows by considering all contractual terms of the financial instrument through the expected life of that financial instrument.

For any contractual right to receive cash or another financial asset that result from transactions that are within the scope of Ind AS 115, the Company always measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses.

Further, for the purpose of measuring lifetime expected credit loss allowance for trade receivables, the Company has used a practical expedient as permitted under Ind AS 109. This expected credit loss allowance is computed based on a provision matrix which takes into account historical credit loss experience and adjusted for forward-looking information.

e. Derecognition of financial assets

The Company derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another party. If the Company neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Company recognises its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the Company retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Company continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity is recognised in profit or loss if such gain or loss would have otherwise been recognised in profit or loss on disposal of that financial asset.





1.8 Financial liabilities and equity instruments

a. Classification as debt or equity

Debt and equity instruments issued by the company are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

b. Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by a company entity are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Repurchase of the Company's own equity instruments is recognised and deducted directly in equity. No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Company's own equity instruments.

c. Financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method or at FVTPL.

However, financial liabilities that arise when a transfer of a financial asset does not qualify for derecognition or when the continuing involvement approach applies, financial guarantee contracts issued by the Company, and commitments issued by the Company to provide a loan at below-market interest rate are measured in accordance with the specific accounting policies set out below.

c.1. Financial liabilities at FVTPL

Financial liabilities at FVTPL includes derivative liabilities. Non-derivative financial liabilities are classified as at FVTPL when the financial liability is either contingent consideration recognised by the Company as an acquirer in a business combination to which Ind AS 103 applies or is held for trading or it is designated as at FVTPL. There are no non-derivative financial liabilities carried at FVTPL.

Financial liabilities at FVTPL are stated at fair value, with any gains or losses arising on remeasurement recognised in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss incorporates any interest paid on the financial liability and is included in the 'Other income' line item.

Fair value is determined in the manner described in note 16.8.

c.2. Financial liabilities subsequently measured at amortised cost

Financial liabilities that are not held-for-trading and are not designated as at FVTPL are measured at amortized cost at the end of subsequent accounting periods. The carrying amounts of financial liabilities that are subsequently measured at amortized cost are determined based on the effective interest method. Interest expense that is not capitalized as part of costs of an asset is included in the 'Finance costs' line item.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial liability, or (where appropriate) a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

c.3. Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Company derecognizes financial liabilities when, and only when, the Company's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. An exchange between with a lender of debt instruments with substantially different terms is accounted for as an extinguishment of the original financial liability and the recognition of a new financial liability. Similarly, a substantial modification of the terms of an existing financial liability (whether or not attributable to the financial difficulty of the debtor) is accounted for as an extinguishment of the original financial liability and the recognition of a new financial liability. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognized and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

1.09 Cash flow statement

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit / (loss) before extraordinary items and tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of non-cash nature and any deferrals or accruals of past or future cash receipts or payments. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated based on the available information.

1.10 Operating Cycle

Based on the nature of products / activities of the Company and the normal time between acquisition of assets and their realisation in cash or cash equivalents, the Company has determined its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of classification of its assets and liabilities as current and non-current.

PARRYS INVESTMENTS LIMITED NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STA	TEMENTS	
Note 2 : Financial Assets: Investments in Subsidiaries	As	At
	Rs	akh
	31-Mar-2023	31-Mar-2022
I.Un-quoted Investments (a) Investments in Equity Instruments at Cost 40,500 (2022 - 40,500) shares of Rs. 1 each fully paid up in Parry Agro Chem Exports ltd	6.08	6.08
Total Un-quoted Investments	6.08	6.08
Note 3: Other Investments - Non current	As	At
THE S. CERCY INVESTMENTS THE DESTRUCTION	Rs I	akh
	31-Mar-2023	31-Mar-2022
I. Quoted Investments (a) Investments in Equity Instruments at FVTOCI 300 (2022 - 300) shares of Rs.10 each fully paid up in Chennai Petroleum Corporation Limited (b) Investment in Mutual funds - FVTPL Franklin Templeton Investments Low Duration Fund - Growth	0.71 0.44	0.38 1.45
Total Quoted Investments	1.15	1.83
II. Un-quoted Investments (a) Investments in Equity Instruments at FVTOCI 1. 8001 (2022 - 8001) shares of Rs.100 each fully paid up in Murgappa Management Service Ltd 2. 5000 (2022 - 5000) shares of Rs.10 each fully paid up in Chola People Service (P) Ltd 3. 10 (2022 - 10) Equity shares of Rs.10 each fully paid in Chola MS General Insurance Company Limited Total Un-quoted Investments Total Other Investments	39.20 390.06 0.01 429.27 430.42	32.27 310.42 0.01 342.70 344.53
Note 4 Cash and cash equivalents	As	at
•	Rs l	Lakh
Particulars	31-Mar-2023	31-Mar-2022
(a) Balances with banks (i) In Current account State Bank Of India (i) In fixed deposits	2.04 275.00 277.04	7.39
Note 5: Other bank balances		at
Particulars	31-Mar-2023	Lakh 31-Mar-2022
(a) Balances with banks (i) Fixed deposit	(e.	263,00
	•	263.00
Note 6 Other financial Assets	I A	s at
Marie A Actiff Implicing Wester	Rs	Lakh
	31-Mar-2023	31-Mar-2022
	0.46	0.37
Interest accrued	01.10	





PARRYS INVESTMENTS LIMITED NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	As at 31-Mar-23	As at 31-Mar-22
	Rs I	akh
Note 7 Equity Share Capital		
AUTHORISED:		
Equity Shares:		245.00
24,50,000 Equity Shares of Rs.10 each (2022 - 24,50,000)	245.00	245.00
Preference Shares:		
5,000 13.5% Cumulative Reedemable Preference shares of Rs 100 each (2022 - 5,000)	5.00	5.00
	250.00	250.00
ISSUED, SUBSCRIBED AND FULLY PAID UP		
18,00,150 Equity Shares of Rs.10 each (2022 - 18.00,150)	180,02	180.02
10,00,130 Equity Shares of Re.10 cach (2022 - 10.00,130)	180.02	180.02

Reconciliation of number of shares

	2022-	2022-23		
Reconciliation	No of Shares	Rs Lakh	No of Shares	Rs Lakh
Equity Shares of Re.10 each fully paid up				
At the beginning of the period	18,00,150	180.02	18,00,150	180.02
Issued and Paid during the year At the end of the period	18,00,150	180.02	18,00,150	180.02

The Company has one class of equity share having a par value of Rs.10 per share. Each holder of equity share is entitled to one vote per share. The dividend when proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General meeting. Repayment of capital on liquidation will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held.

7.1 Details of shares held by each shareholder holding more than 5 percent of equity shares in the company:

	No of shares held as at				
Name of the Share holder	March 3	1, 2023	March 31	1, 2022	
	Nos.	%	Nos.	%	
E.I.D.PARRY (INDIA) LIMITED (Holding Company)	18,00,150	100.00	18,00,150	100.00	

Details of shares issued for consideration other than cash during the period of five years immediately preceding the reporting date

No shares has been issued for consideration other than cash during the period of five years immediately preceding the reporting date

	110125	FORMING PART	OF THE FINANCIA	AL STATEMEN	ITS		
						Rs. La	kh
Note 8 Other equity						As at 31-Mar-23	As at 31-Mar-22
Capital Redemption Reserve						0.01	0.01
Statutory Reserve						37.29	35.30
General Reserve					N.	1.00	1.00
Reserve for equity instruments through	other comprehensive	e income				324.95	257.86
Retained Earnings						73.61 436.86	65.65 359.82
						Rs. La	ıkh
RESERVES AND SURPLUS:		=				31-Маг-23	31-Маг-22
(a) Capital Redemption Reserve						0.01	0.01
Opening balance					1	0.01	0.01
Closing balance						0.01	0.01
(b) Statutory Reserve*						35.30	33.82
Opening balance						1.99	1.48
Add: Transfer from Profit & loss						30	255
Less: Utilised during the year Closing balance						37.29	35_30
* As per RBI 20% of profits need to be	transferred to statute	DIV reserve					
(c) General Reserve	107200-00						
Opening balance						1.00	1.00
Closing balance						1.00	1.00
The general reserve is used from time to component of equity to another and is r	o time to transfer pro not an item of other o	ofits from retained ea comprehensive incon	imings for appropriation ne, items included in th	n purposes. As to e general reserve	e will not be reclas	sified subsequently t	o profit or loss.
(d) Reserve for equity instruments the	nrough Other Comp	prehensive income					
Opening Balance					1	257.86	188.31
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1							
Closing This reserve represents the cumulative	gains and losses aris	ing on the revaluation	on of equity instruments	s measured at fai	r value through otl	67.09 324.95 ner comprehensive in	69.55 257.86
Additions/(Deletions) Closing This reserve represents the cumulative amounts reclassified to reatined earning (e) Retained Earnings Opening Balance	gains and losses aris gs when those assets	ing on the revaluation have been disposed	on of equity instruments of.	s measured at fai	r value through otl	324.95 ner comprehensive in 65.65	257.86 acome, net of
Closing This reserve represents the cumulative amounts reclassified to reatined earning (e) Retained Earnings Opening Balance (Loss) / Profit for the year	gains and losses aris	ing on the revaluation have been disposed	on of equity instruments of.	s measured at fai	r value through oth	324.95 ner comprehensive in 65.65 9.95	257.86 come, net of 59.71 7.42
Closing This reserve represents the cumulative amounts reclassified to reatined earning (e) Retained Earnings Opening Balance (Loss) / Profit for the year Less: Transfer to Statutory Reserve	gains and losses aris	ing on the revaluation have been disposed	on of equity instruments of.	s measured at fai	r value through otl	324.95 ner comprehensive in 65.65	257.86 scome, net of 59.71 7.42 1.48
Closing This reserve represents the cumulative amounts reclassified to reatined earning (e) Retained Earnings Opening Balance (Loss) / Profit for the year Less: Transfer to Statutory Reserve Closing Balance The amount that can be distributed by the serve of th	gs when those assets	have been disposed	of.			324.95 ner comprehensive in 65.65 9.95 1.99 73.61	257.86 come, net of 59.71 7.42 1.48 65.65
Closing This reserve represents the cumulative amounts reclassified to reatined earning (e) Retained Earnings Opening Balance (Loss) / Profit for the year Less : Transfer to Statutory Reserve Closing Balance The amount that can be distributed by to considering the requirements of the Co	the Company as divient mpanies Act, 2013.	have been disposed	of.			324.95 ner comprehensive in 65.65 9.95 1.99 73.61	257.86 come, net of 59.71 7.42 1.48 65.65
Closing This reserve represents the cumulative amounts reclassified to reatined earning (e) Retained Earnings Opening Balance (Loss) / Profit for the year Less: Transfer to Statutory Reserve Closing Balance The amount that can be distributed by to considering the requirements of the Co Note 9 Deferred tax (liabilities)/asset	the Company as divient mpanies Act, 2013.	have been disposed	of.			324.95 ner comprehensive in 65.65 9.95 1.99 73.61 statements of the Cor 31-Mar-2023 76.65	257.86 come, net of 59.71 7.42 1.48 65.65 npany and also 31-Mar-22 60.64
Closing This reserve represents the cumulative amounts reclassified to reatined earning (e) Retained Earnings Opening Balance (Loss) / Profit for the year Less : Transfer to Statutory Reserve Closing Balance The amount that can be distributed by to considering the requirements of the Co	the Company as divient panies Act, 2013.	have been disposed	of.			324.95 ner comprehensive in 65.65 9.95 1.99 73.61 statements of the Cor 31-Mar-2023 76.65 19.81	257.86 100me, net of 159.71 17.42 1.48 165.65 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 10
Closing This reserve represents the cumulative amounts reclassified to reatined earning (e) Retained Earnings Opening Balance (Loss) / Profit for the year Less: Transfer to Statutory Reserve Closing Balance The amount that can be distributed by to considering the requirements of the Co Note 9 Deferred tax (liabilities)/asset Opening balance	the Company as divient panies Act, 2013.	have been disposed	of.			324.95 ner comprehensive in 65.65 9.95 1.99 73.61 statements of the Cor 31-Mar-2023 76.65 19.81 (0.09)	257.86 100me, net of 159.71 17.42 1.48 165.65 100mpany and also 11-Mar-22 10.61 10.64 10.64
Closing This reserve represents the cumulative amounts reclassified to reatined earning (e) Retained Earnings Opening Balance (Loss) / Profit for the year Less: Transfer to Statutory Reserve Closing Balance The amount that can be distributed by to considering the requirements of the Co Note 9 Deferred tax (liabilities)/asset Opening balance Recognised in Other comprehensive in	the Company as divient panies Act, 2013.	have been disposed	of.			324.95 ner comprehensive in 65.65 9.95 1.99 73.61 statements of the Cor 31-Mar-2023 76.65 19.81	257.86 100me, net of 159.71 17.42 1.48 165.65 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 10
Closing This reserve represents the cumulative amounts reclassified to reatined earning (e) Retained Earnings Opening Balance (Loss) / Profit for the year Less: Transfer to Statutory Reserve Closing Balance The amount that can be distributed by the considering the requirements of the Considering the requirements of the Considering balance Note 9 Deferred tax (liabilities)/asset Opening balance Recognised in Other comprehensive in Recognised in profit and loss account Closing balance	the Company as divient panies Act, 2013.	have been disposed	of.			324.95 ner comprehensive in 65.65 9.95 1.99 73.61 statements of the Cor 31-Mar-2023 76.65 19.81 (0.09) 96.37	257.86 100me, net of 159.71 17.42 1.48 165.65 100many and also 11-Mar-22 100.61 100.64 100.65
Closing This reserve represents the cumulative amounts reclassified to reatined earning (e) Retained Earnings Opening Balance (Loss) / Profit for the year Less: Transfer to Statutory Reserve Closing Balance The amount that can be distributed by the considering the requirements of the Considering the requirements of the Considering balance Recognised in Other comprehensive in Recognised in profit and loss account Closing balance Note 10 Trade Payables	the Company as divient panies Act, 2013.	have been disposed	of.			324.95 ner comprehensive in 65.65 9.95 1.99 73.61 statements of the Cor 31-Mar-2023 76.65 19.81 (0.09) 96.37	257.86 1come, net of 59.71 7.42 1.48 65.65 1npany and also 31-Mar-22 60.64 20.61 (4.60 76.65
Closing This reserve represents the cumulative amounts reclassified to reatined earning (e) Retained Earnings Opening Balance (Loss) / Profit for the year Less: Transfer to Statutory Reserve Closing Balance The amount that can be distributed by the considering the requirements of the Considering the requirements of the Considering balance Note 9 Deferred tax (liabilities)/asset Opening balance Recognised in Other comprehensive in Recognised in profit and loss account Closing balance	the Company as divient panies Act, 2013.	have been disposed	of.			324.95 ner comprehensive in 65.65 9.95 1.99 73.61 statements of the Cor 31-Mar-2023 76.65 19.81 (0.09) 96.37	257.86 100me, net of 159.71 17.42 1.48 165.65 100mpany and also 11-Mar-22 10.61 10.64 10.64
Closing This reserve represents the cumulative amounts reclassified to reatined earning (e) Retained Earnings Opening Balance (Loss) / Profit for the year Less: Transfer to Statutory Reserve Closing Balance The amount that can be distributed by the considering the requirements of the Considering the requirements of the Considering balance Recognised in Other comprehensive in Recognised in profit and loss account Closing balance Note 10 Trade Payables	the Company as divient panies Act, 2013.	have been disposed	of.			324.95 ner comprehensive in 65.65 9.95 1.99 73.61 statements of the Cor 31-Mar-2023 76.65 19.81 (0.09) 96.37 31-Mar-2023 0.42	257.86 1come, net of 59.71 7.42 1.48 65.65 1npany and also 31-Mar-22 60.64 20.61 (4.60 76.65
Closing This reserve represents the cumulative amounts reclassified to reatined earning (e) Retained Earnings Opening Balance (Loss) / Profit for the year Less: Transfer to Statutory Reserve Closing Balance The amount that can be distributed by the considering the requirements of the Considering the requirements of the Considering balance Recognised in Other comprehensive in Recognised in profit and loss account Closing balance Note 10 Trade Payables	the Company as divient panies Act, 2013.	have been disposed	of.			324.95 ner comprehensive in 65.65 9.95 1.99 73.61 statements of the Cor 31-Mar-2023 76.65 19.81 (0.09) 96.37 31-Mar-2023 0.42	257.86 1come, net of 59.71 7.42 1.48 65.65 1npany and also 31-Mar-22 60.64 20.61 (4.60 76.65
Closing This reserve represents the cumulative amounts reclassified to reatined earning (e) Retained Earnings Opening Balance (Loss) / Profit for the year Less: Transfer to Statutory Reserve Closing Balance The amount that can be distributed by toonsidering the requirements of the Co Note 9 Deferred tax (liabilities)/asset Opening balance Recognised in Other comprehensive in Recognised in profit and loss account Closing balance Note 10 Trade Payables Sundry Creditors Particulars 31-Mar-2023	the Company as divient panies Act, 2013.	dends to its equity sh	of. nareholders is determine OCI/FVTPL) Less than 1 year	ed based on the s	reparate financial s	324.95 ner comprehensive in 65.65 9.95 1.99 73.61 statements of the Cor 31-Mar-2023 76.65 19.81 (0.09) 96.37 31-Mar-2023 0.42 0.42	257.86 1come, net of 59.71 7.42 1.48 65.65 1npany and also 31-Mar-22 60.64 20.61 (4.66 76.65 31-Mar-2022 0.27 0.27
Closing This reserve represents the cumulative amounts reclassified to reatined earning (e) Retained Earnings Opening Balance (Loss) / Profit for the year Less: Transfer to Statutory Reserve Closing Balance The amount that can be distributed by toonsidering the requirements of the Co Note 9 Deferred tax (liabilities)/asset Opening balance Recognised in Other comprehensive in Recognised in profit and loss account Closing balance Note 10 Trade Payables Sundry Creditors Particulars 31-Mar-2023 (i) MSME - Undisputed	the Company as divient panies Act, 2013.	dends to its equity sh	of. nareholders is determine OCI/FVTPL) Less than 1 year	ed based on the	separate financial s	324.95 her comprehensive in 65.65 9.95 1.99 73.61 statements of the Cor 31-Mar-2023 76.65 19.81 (0.09) 96.37 31-Mar-2023 0.42 0.42 > 3 years	257.86 100me, net of 159.71 17.42 1.48 165.65 100me, net of 11.48
Closing This reserve represents the cumulative amounts reclassified to reatined earning (e) Retained Earnings Opening Balance (Loss) / Profit for the year Less: Transfer to Statutory Reserve Closing Balance The amount that can be distributed by to considering the requirements of the Co Note 9 Deferred tax (liabilities)/asset Opening balance Recognised in Other comprehensive in Recognised in profit and loss account Closing balance Note 10 Trade Payables Sundry Creditors Particulars 31-Mar-2023 (i) MSME - Undisputed (ii) Others - Undisputed	the Company as divient panies Act, 2013.	have been disposed dends to its equity sh ncial Asset at (FVT	nareholders is determine OCI/FVTPL) Less than 1 year 0.42	ed based on the s	2-3 years	324.95 ner comprehensive in 65.65 9.95 1.99 73.61 statements of the Cor 31-Mar-2023 76.65 19.81 (0.09) 96.37 31-Mar-2023 0.42 0.42 > 3 years	257.86 1come, net of 159.71 17.42 1.48 165.65 17.42 1.48 165.65 17.42 1.48 17.42 1.48 17.42 17.4
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Closing This reserve represents the cumulative amounts reclassified to reatined earning (e) Retained Earnings Opening Balance (Loss) / Profit for the year Less: Transfer to Statutory Reserve Closing Balance The amount that can be distributed by to considering the requirements of the Considering balance Recognised in Other comprehensive in Recognised in Profit and loss account Closing balance Note 10 Trade Payables Sundry Creditors Particulars 31-Mar-2023 (i) MSME - Undisputed (ii) Others - Undisputed (iii) MSME - Disputed (iv) Others - Disputed	the Company as diviempanies Act, 2013. The relation to Final come Unbilled	dends to its equity sh ncial Asset at (FVT	nareholders is determine OCI/FVTPL) Less than 1 year 0.42	ed based on the s	2-3 years	324.95 ner comprehensive in 65.65 9.95 1.99 73.61 statements of the Cor 31-Mar-2023 76.65 19.81 (0.09) 96.37 31-Mar-2023 0.42 0.42 > 3 years	257.86 1come, net of 159.71 17.42 1.48 65.65 11-Mar-22 60.64 20.61 (4.66 76.65 11-Mar-2022 0.27 0.27
Closing This reserve represents the cumulative amounts reclassified to reatined earning (e) Retained Earnings Opening Balance (Loss) / Profit for the year Less: Transfer to Statutory Reserve Closing Balance The amount that can be distributed by to considering the requirements of the Considering the requirements of the Considering balance Recognised in Other comprehensive in Recognised in Profit and loss account Closing balance Note 10 Trade Payables Sundry Creditors Particulars 31-Mar-2023 (i) MSME - Undisputed (iii) Others - Undisputed (iii) MSME - Disputed (iv) Others - Disputed 31-Mar-2022	the Company as divimpanies Act, 2013. In relation to Final come Unbilled	have been disposed dends to its equity sh ncial Asset at (FVT) Not Due	Less than 1 year	ed based on the s	2-3 years	324.95 ner comprehensive in 65.65 9.95 1.99 73.61 statements of the Cor 31-Mar-2023 76.65 19.81 (0.09) 96.37 31-Mar-2023 0.42 0.42 > 3 years	257.86 1come, net of 59.71 7.42 1.48 65.65 1npany and also 31-Mar-22 60.64 20.61 (4.66 76.65 31-Mar-2022 0.27 0.27
Closing This reserve represents the cumulative amounts reclassified to reatined earning (e) Retained Earnings Opening Balance (Loss) / Profit for the year Less: Transfer to Statutory Reserve Closing Balance The amount that can be distributed by the considering the requirements of the Considering the requirements of the Considering balance Recognised in Other comprehensive in Recognised in Profit and loss account Closing balance Note 10 Trade Payables Sundry Creditors Particulars 31-Mar-2023 (i) MSME - Undisputed (iii) Others - Undisputed (iv) Others - Disputed 31-Mar-2022 (i) MSME - Undisputed	the Company as divimpanies Act, 2013. In relation to Final come Unbilled	have been disposed dends to its equity sh ncial Asset at (FVT) Not Due	Less than 1 year 0.42	1 - 2 years	2-3 years	324.95 ner comprehensive in 65.65 9.95 1.99 73.61 statements of the Cor 31-Mar-2023 76.65 19.81 (0.09) 96.37 31-Mar-2023 0.42 0.42 > 3 years	257.86 scome, net of 59.71 7.42 1.48 65.65 mpany and also 31-Mar-22 60.64 20.61 (4.60 76.65 31-Mar-2022 0.27 0.27
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Closing This reserve represents the cumulative amounts reclassified to reatined earning (e) Retained Earnings Opening Balance (Loss) / Profit for the year Less: Transfer to Statutory Reserve Closing Balance The amount that can be distributed by the considering the requirements of the Considering the requirements of the Considering balance Recognised in Other comprehensive in Recognised in Profit and loss account Closing balance Note 10 Trade Payables Sundry Creditors Particulars 31-Mar-2023 (i) MSME - Undisputed (iii) Others - Undisputed (iv) Others - Disputed 31-Mar-2022 (i) MSME - Undisputed	the Company as divimpanies Act, 2013. In relation to Final come Unbilled	have been disposed dends to its equity sh ncial Asset at (FVT)	Less than 1 year 0.42	1 - 2 years	2-3 years	324.95 ner comprehensive in 65.65 9.95 1.99 73.61 statements of the Cor 31-Mar-2023 76.65 19.81 (0.09) 96.37 31-Mar-2023 0.42 0.42 > 3 years	257.86 come, net of 59.71 7.42 1.48 65.65 mpany and also 31-Mar-22 60.64 20.61 (4.60 76.65 31-Mar-2022 0.27 0.27 0.27





PARRYS INVESTMENTS LIMITED NOTES FORMING PART OF ACCOUNTS

	As at	
	Rs Lak	c h
Note 11 Current Tax Liability	31-Mar-2023	31-Mar-2022
Current Tax Liability	0.33	4.61
	0.33	4.61
Note 12 Other Income		
	Year ended	Year ended
Particulars	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
	Rs. Lakh	Rs. Lakh
(a) Net gain arising on financial assets designated as at FVTPL	0.08	10.00
(b) Dividend Income	0.01	22
(c) Interest on Fixed Deposit	13.87	0.74
	13.96	10.74
	Year ended	Year ended
Note 13 Other expenses	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Note 13 Other expenses	Rs. Lakh	Rs. Lakh
(a) Auditors' Remuneration	0.18	0.18
(b) Directors' Fees and Commission	0.04	0.04
(c) Professional Charges	0.16	0.34
(d) Filing Fees	0.06	0.11
(e) General Manufacturing, Selling and Administration Expenses	0.01	0.08
(f) Bank Charges	0.01	0.01
(4)	0.46	0.76
	Year ended	Year ended
Note 14 Basic Earnings per share	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
a) Earnings used in the calculation of basic/diluted earnings per share	9.95	7.42
b) Number of equity shares of Rs. 1 each outstanding at the beginning		
of the year	18.00	18.00
c) Add: Number of shares issued during the year		
d) Number of equity shares of Rs. 1 each outstanding at the end of the		
year	18.00	18.00
e) Weighted Average number of Equity Shares considered for		
basic/diluted earning per share	18.00	18.00
f) Basic EPS	0.55	0.41
g) Diluted EPS	0.55	0.41





PARRYS INVESTMENTS LIMITED NOTES FORMING PART OF ACCOUNTS

	Rs Lakh			
	For the year ended			
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022		
15. Income taxes				
15.1 Income tax recognised in profit or loss				
Current tax				
In respect of current year	3.53	7.11		
In respect of prior years	0.04	0.05		
Deferred tax				
In respect of current year	(0.09)	(4.60)		
Total income tax expense /(gain) recognised in the current year				
	3.48	2.56		

The income tax expense for the year can be reconciled to the accounting profit as follows:

	Rs Lal	ch
	For the year	r ended
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Profit before tax	13.50	9.98
Income tax expense calculated at 25.17%	3.40	2.51
Others	0.04	
	3.44	2.51
Adjustments recognised in current year relating to current tax of		
previous years	0.04	0.05
Income tax expense recognised in profit or loss	3.48	2.56

The tax rate used for the 2022-23 and 2021-22 reconciliations above is the corporate tax rate of 25.17% payable by corporate entities in India on taxable profits under the Indian tax law.

15.2 Income tax recognised in Other comprehensive income

	Rs Lakh		
	For the year ended		
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	
Deferred Tax		(20.51)	
Net fair valur gain on investments in equity sharesat FVTOCI	(19.81)	(20.61)	

16. Financial instruments

16.1 Capital management

The Company's capital management is intended to maximise the return to shareholders for meeting the long-term and short-term goals of the Company through the optimization of the debt and equity balance.

The Company determines the amount of capital required on the basis of annual and long-term operating plans and strategic investment plans. The funding requirements are met through equity. The Company does not have any borrowing.

16.2 Categories of financial instruments

10.2 Categories of infancial most differen		
	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Financial assets		
Measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)		
(a) Mandatorily measured:		
(i) Equity investments	0.44	1.45
Measured at amortised cost		
(a) Cash and bank balances	277.04	7.39
(b) Balance other than above	-	263.00
(c) Others	0.46	0.37
Measured at FVTOCI		
(a) Investments in equity instruments designated upon initial recognition	429.98	343.08
Financial liabilities		
Measured at amortised cost	0.42	0.27

16.3 Financial risk management objectives

The Company has adequate internal processes to assess, monitor and manage financial risks. These risks include market risk (including currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Company seeks to minimise the effects of these risks through appropriate risk management policies as detailed below. The Company does not enter into trade financial instruments, including derivative financial instruments, for speculative purposes.

Item	Primarily affected by	Risk management policies	Refer
Market risk - other price risk	Decline in value of equity instruments	Monitoring forecasts of cash flows; diversification of	Note 16.4.1
Credit risk	Counterparties to financial instruments to meet contractual obligations	Counterparty credit policies and limits; arrangements with financial institutions	Note 16.5
Liquidity risk	Fluctuations in cash flows	Preparing and monitoring forecasts of cashflows; cash management policies	Note 16.6

16.4 Market risk

The Company's financial instruments are exposed to market rate changes. The Company is exposed to the following market risk:
• Price risk

Market risk exposures are measured using sensitivity analysis. There has been no change to the Company's exposure to market risks or the manner in which these risks are being managed and measured.

16.4.1 Price risks

The Company is exposed to equity price risks arising from equity investments. Certain of the Company's equity investments are held for strategic rather than trading purposes. The Company also holds certain other equity investments for trading purposes.

a. Equity price sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analyses below have been determined based on the exposure to equity price risks at the end of the reporting period.

i. If equity prices had been 1% higher/lower other comprehensive income/equity for the year ended 31 March 2023 would increase/decrease by Rs. 4.30 Lakh (Rs. 3.43 Lakh for the year ended 31 March 2022) as a result of the changes in fair value of equity investments measured at FVTOCI.

ii. If equity prices had been 1% higher/lower profit/equity for the year ended 31 March 2023 would increase/decrease by Rs. Nil Lakh (Rs. 0.01 Lakh for the year ended 31 March 2022) as a result of the changes in fair value of equity investments measured at FVTPL.

16.5 Credit risk management

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Company. The Company is exposed to credit risk from its financing activities, including deposits with banks.

The credit risk on cash and bank balances is limited because the counterparties are banks with high credit ratings assigned by international credit rating agencies.

16.6 Liquidity risk management

The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves, by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows, and by matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities.

The table below provides details regarding the contractual maturities of financial liabilities including estimated interest payments as at 31 March 2023:

Particulars	Carrying amount	upto 1 year	1-3 year	More than 3 year	Total contracted cash flows
Non interest bearing	0.42	0.42	12	-	0.42
Total	0.42	0.42	-		0.42

The table below provides details of financial assets as at 31 March 2023:

Particulars	Carrying amount
Trade receivables	150
Other financial assets	707.92
Total	707.92

The table below provides details regarding the contractual maturities of financial liabilities including estimated interest payments as at 31 March 2022:

Particulars	Carrying amount	upto 1 year	1-3 year	More than 3 year	Total contracted cash flows
Non interest bearing	0.27	0.27			0.27
Total	0.27	0.27	3	18	0.27

The table below provides details of financial assets as at 31 March 2022:

Particulars	Carrying amount
Trade receivables	:=
Other financial assets	615.29
Total	615.29

16.7 Financing facilities

The Company does not operate any financing facilities.

16.8 Fair value measurements

Some of the Company's financial assets and financial liabilities are measured at fair value at the end of the reporting period. The following table gives information about how the fair values of these financial assets and financial liabilities are determined (in particular, the valuation techniques and inputs used):

Financial assets/financial liabilities	Fair Val	lue as at*	Fair value hierarchy	Valuation techniques & key inputs used
	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022		
1) Investments in quoted mutual fund instruments at FVTPL	0.44	1.45	Level 1	Refer Note 2
2) Investments in quoted equity instruments at FVTOCI	0.71	0.38	Level 1	Refer Note 2
3) Investments in unquoted equity instruments at FVTOCI	429.27	342.70	Level 2	Refer Note 3

*positive value denotes financial asset (net) and negative value denotes financial liability (net)

Notes:

- 1. There were no transfers between Level 1 and 2 in the period.
- 2. The Level 1 financial instruments are measured using quotes in active market
- 3. The following table shows the valuation technique and key input used for Level 2:

	Valuation	
Financial Instrument	Technique	Key Inputs used
(a) Investments in unquoted equity	Net Assets	Audited financials statements of respective companies.
instruments at FVTOCI	method	

Fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities that are not measured at fair value (but fair value disclosures are required)

	F. 1	As at 31 M	larch 2023	As at 31 March 2022	
Particulars	Fair value hierarchy	Carrying amount	Fair value	Carrying amount	Fair value
Financial assets					
Financial assets at amortised cost:					
- Cash and Cash Equivalents	Level 2	277.04	277.04	7.39	7.39
- Balance other than above	Level 2	13		263.00	263.00
- Others	Level 2	0.46	0.46	0.37	0.37
Particulars	Fair value	As at 31 March 2023 As at 31 Ma		March 2022	
	hierarchy	Carrying	Fair value	Carrying	Fair value
		amount		amount	
Financial liabilities					
Financial liabilities at amortised cost:					
Trade payables	Level 2	0.42	0.42	0.27	0.27

^{1.} In case of cash and cash equivalents, trade payables and other financial liabilities it is assessed that the fair values approximate their carrying amounts largely due to the short-term maturities of these instruments.

17. Related Party Disclosure for the year ended March 31, 2023

17.1 Subsidiary Companies/ Entities

Parry Agrochem Exports Limited

17.2 Fellow Subsidiary Companies/ Entities

- 1. Coromandel International Ltd
- 2. Coromandel Chemicals Ltd (formerly known as Parry Chemicals Limited)
- 3. CFL Mauritius Limited
- 4. Coromandel Brasil Limitada LLP, Brazil
- 5. Coromandel Technology Limited (with effect from December 27, 2022)
- 6. Dare Ventures Ltd (formerly known as Dare Investments Limited)
- 7 Alimtec S.A
- 8. Sabero Europe BV, Netherlands (liquidated with effect from May 25, 2022)
- 9. Coromandel Australia Pty.Ltd (formerly known as Sabero Australia Pty Ltd, Australia)
- 10. Sabero Organics America SA, Brazil
- 11. Sabero Argentina SA
- 12. Coromandel Agronegoious De Mexico S.A De C.V.
- 13. Parry America Inc.,
- 14. Parrys Sugar Limited
- 15. Parry Infrastructure Company Private Limited
- 16. US Nutraceuticals Inc
- 17 Labelle Botanics LLC
- 18. Parrys Sugar Refinery Private Limited
- 19. Parry International DMCC
- 20. Coromandel International (Nigeria) Limited
- 21. Coromandel Mali SASU

17.3 Holding Company

E.I.D -Parry (India) Limited

Note: Related Party Relationships are as identified by the management and relied upon by the auditors.

17.4 Transactions with related parties

in Rs Lakh

	2022-23	2021-22
Outstanding balances at year end		
Payable Payable		
Parry Infrastructure Company Private Limited	0.22	0.00

Parrys Investment Limited NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

- 18 No proceeding has been initiated or are pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder.
- 19 The Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or any other lender.
- 20 The Company does not have any borrowings. Accordingly, no quarterly statements of current accounts are submitted with the banks.
- 21 The Company has not had any transactions with Companies struck off under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or section 560 of Companies Act, 1956.
- 22 There are no charges or satisfaction pending to be registered with Registrar of Companies beyond the statutory time limit
- 23 The Company has complied with the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with the Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017.
- 24 The Company does not have any transaction not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961.
- 25 The Company has not traded or invested in Crypto Currency or Virtual Currency during the year.
- 26 The Company had the following ratios as at March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022 respectively

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2023	For the year ended March 31, 2022	Reasons for variance
(a) Current ratio (times)	370.00	55.48	Increase in Current ratio is increase due to reduction in Current Tax
(b) Return on equity ratio (%)	2%	1%	Increase in ROE is due to
(c) Return on Capital employed (%)	2%	2%	increase in Interest Income

- (a) Current ratio (times): Current Assets/Current Liabilities
- (b) Return on equity ratio (%): Profits after taxes/Average Total Equity
- (c) Return on Capital employed (%): Earnings (including exceptional item) before interest, tax, impairment, depreciation & amortisation/Capital Employed (Tangible Net Worth + Total Debt + Deferred Tax Liability)

Note: Other ratios are not applicable to the Company

27 Approval of Ind AS financial statements

The Ind AS financial statements were approved for issue by the Board of Directors in their meeting held on May 15, 2023.

In terms of our report attached

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

For G. Badri Narayana & Co. A. A. A.

Chartered Accountants NAT

Firm Registration No: 010743S

13, (Old # 6/2) Ground Floor

2nd Street, Sait Colony

Egmore, Chennai-8 Ph: 044 4210 7583

Shravan Gattupalli Partner

Membership No: 226441

Sridhar A

Director

Director

Chennai Date: May 15, 2023 Chennai

Date: May 15, 2023